高等数学建模(一) 教学大纲

Mathematical Modelling (I) Subject Syllabus

一、课程信息 Subject Information

课程编号:		开课学期:		
Subject ID	3100311003	Semester	1	
课程分类:		所属课群:		
Category	公共基础 GF	Section	专业平台 MT	
课程学分:	_	总学时/周:		
Credit Points	5	Total Hours/Weeks	80/14	
理论学时:	90	实验学时:	0	
LECT. Hours	80	EXP. Hours	0	
PBL 学时:	0	实践学时/周:	0/0	
PBL Hours	U	PRAC. Hours/Weeks	0/0	
开课学院:	东北大学	适用专业:		
College	悉尼智能科技学院	Stream	CST/CE	
课程属性:	必修 Compulsory	课程模式:	互认 EQV	
Pattern	1 1	Mode		
中方课程协调人:	李晓奇	成绩记载方式: Result Type	百分制 Marks	
NEU Coordinator		1,7,7,1,7		
先修课程:	无			
Requisites	None			
	1. Mo Huixia, Li Xiaohua, Yuan Jianhua, Yuan Jianhua, Ai Wenb			
英文参考教材:	Zhu Ping, Advanced Mathematics (I) & (II), 2nd Edition, Beijing			
EN Textbooks	University of Posts and Telecommunications Press, 2018.			
	2. Ron Larson, Elemen	tary Linear Algebra, Cen	gage Learning, 2017.	
中文参考教材:	同济大学数学系,高等数学(第七版)上、下册, 高等教育出版社, 2014			
CN Textbooks	同济大学数学系,线性	代数(第六版), 高等教育	百出版社 , 2007	
Resources	https://sstc.cloudcampu	is.com.cn/course/view.ph	p?id=9	
课程负责人(撰写人):	李晓奇	提交日期:	单击或点击此处输	
SubjectDirector	Li Xiaoqi	Submitted Date	入日期。	
	•			
任课教师(含负责人):	郭静梅、李晓奇、周蕊			
Taught by	Guo Jingmei, Li Xiaoqi, Zhou Rui			
审核人:	韩鹏	批准人: Approved by	史闻博	
Checked by				
		批准日期:	单击或点击此处输	
		Approved Date	入日期。	

二、教学目标 Subject Learning Objectives (SLOs)

注: 毕业要求及指标点可参照悉尼学院本科生培养方案,可根据实际情况增减行数

 $Note: GA \ and \ index \ can \ be \ referred \ from \ undergraduate \ program \ in \ SSTC \ website. \ Please \ add/reduce \ lines \ based \ on \ subject.$

Note: GA and muex can be rere		ndergraduate program in SSTC website. Please add/reduce lines based on subject.					
整体目标: Overall Objective	高等数学建模是理工科专业课程的基础,通过学习极限、微分、积分等重要概念,为学生学习其它学科以至于专业课程打下扎实基础。培养学生较强的动手能力,以及思维的逻辑性、严谨性、创新性,以及利用数学原理和方法解决实际问题的意识、兴趣和能力。培养学生掌握高等数学的基本理论和方法,尤其是思维方式,掌握知识技能的同时发展创造能力。 Mathematical modeling is the foundation of science and engineering courses. By learning the important concepts of limit, differential and integral, it can lay a solid foundation for students to learn other subjects and even professional courses. To cultivate students' strong practical ability, logical, rigorous and innovative thinking, as well as the consciousness, interest and ability of solving practical problems by using mathematical principles and methods. Cultivate students to master the basic theories and methods of higher mathematics, especially the way of thinking, master knowledge and skills, and develop greative ability at the same time.				础。培养学生较强的动手能力,以及思维的逻辑性、严谨性、创新性,以及利用数学原理和方法解决实际问题的意识、兴趣和能力。培养学生掌握高等数学的基本理论和方法,尤其是思维方式,掌握知识技能的同时发展创造能力。 Mathematical modeling is the foundation of science and engineering courses. By learning the important concepts of limit, differential and integral, it can lay a solid foundation for students to learn other subjects and even professional courses. To cultivate students' strong practical ability, logical, rigorous and innovative thinking, as well as the consciousness, interest and ability of solving practical problems by using mathematical principles and methods. Cultivate students to master the basic theories and methods of higher mathematics, especially the way of thinking, master knowledge and skills, and develop creative ability at the same time.		
(1)专业目标: Professional Ability	1-1	具有扎实的专业基础与学科特长,系统掌握信息通信系统、项目管理与决策及其相关领域专门知识与技能。 Excellent engineering literacy, outstanding practical skills in information technology, and capable of creatively solving complex engineering problems in information and communication and related fields through scientific and technological theories and engineering practical methods, as well as the ability of doing academic cutting-edge project research. 具有扎实的专业基础与学科特长,系统掌握大数据与人工智能系统、项目管理与决策及其相关领域专门知识与技能。 Excellent engineering literacy, outstanding practical skills in information technology, and capable of creatively solving complex engineering problems in computer science and related fields through scientific and technological theories and engineering practical methods, as well as the ability of doing academic cutting-edge project research.					
(2)德育目标: Essential Quality	2-1	理解高等数学理论知识对于刻画工程实践问题的重要意义。 Understand the significant meanings of the advanced mathematics in depicting the practical engineering problems. 认知当前全球,数学理论的发展对提升中国工程关键技术及 核心竞争力的重要意义。					
Loseniai Quanty	2-2	Understand the technology development, key techniques and the core competitiveness in the area of the China engineering in the world. 培养具有不畏困难、不惧失败、锲而不舍、敢于尝试、迎难					

	而上的精神,并在学习过程中培养自己的约	田心和耐心的勇气		
	和精神			
	Cultivate the spirit of not fearing diffic	culties or failure,		
	perseverance, daring to try, and cultivate the	eir own careful and		
	patient courage and spirit in the process of le	arning		
	培养服务意识,具有"以人为本"的服务料	青神		
2-4	Cultivate service consciousness and have the	ne service spirit of		
	"people-oriented"			
	培养遵守法律、懂规则、守规则的新时代	公民		
2-5	Cultivate citizens of the new era who a	bide by the law,		
	understand and obey the rules			
	了解主要矛盾和次要矛盾,在面对复杂问题	题的时候要实事求		
	是、抓住主要矛盾			
2-6	Understand the main contradiction	and secondary		
	contradiction, seek truth from facts and	grasp the main		
	contradiction in the face of complex problem			
	培养有条理和计划,做到心中有数、有条	不紊、循序渐进地		
2-7	完成一项工作			
	Cultivate a sense of order and plan, and con	nplete a work in an		
orderly and gradual manner				
课程教学目标与毕业要求的对应关系 Matrix of GA & SLOs				
毕业要求 GA	毕业要求 GA 指标点 GA Index 教学目标 SLC			
1、工程知识: 能够将数学、	1-1 掌握数学、自然科学、工程基础和专			

毕业要求 GA	指标点 GA Index	教学目标 SLOs
1、工程知识: 能够将数学、自然科学、工程基础和专业知识用于解决复杂工程问题。 Identify, formulate, research literature and analyze complex practical problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics and sciences.	1-1 掌握数学、自然科学、工程基础和专业知识,并使用其建立正确的数学、物理学等模型以解释复杂工程问题。 Mastery of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems with the establishment of correct mathematical and physical models.	1-1, 1-2, 2-1 到 2-7
2、问题分析: 能够借助应 用统计学的基本原理、方法 和手段,识别、表达、并通 过文献研究分析复杂实际问 题,以获得有效结论。 Identify, formulate, research literature and analyze complex practical problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics and sciences.	2-1 能够应用数学、自然科学和工程学的基本原理、方法和手段,分析、识别、表达本专业相关的复杂工程问题。 Capable of analyzing, identifying and elaborating complex practical problems related to this major with the applying of the basic principles of Applied Statistics. 2-2 能够应用数学、自然科学和工程学的基本原理、方法和手段,针对实际复杂工程问题设计针对性的技术方案,并综合运用文献、科学基座和技术手段予以解决。	1-1, 1-2, 2-1 到 2-7

Capable of drawing on the basic principles	
of applied statistics to design targeted	
schemes for complex practical problems,	
and using literature, scientific theories and	
technical means to solve them.	

三、教学内容 Content (Topics)

注:以中英文填写,各部分内容的表格可根据实际知识单元数量进行复制、扩展或缩减Note: Filled in both CN and EN, extend or reduce based on the actual numbers of knowledge unit

知识单元序号:	1		支撑教学目标:	1.1.1.0	
Knowledge Unit No.	1		SLOs Supported	1-1, 1-2	
知识单元名称	矩阵乘法和行列式				
Unit Title		Matrix	multiplication and determina	ants	
	线性方程组介绍,高斯消元法解方程组,矩阵的定义				
	Introduction to linear equation system, Solving equations by Gauss				
	elimination, Definition of matrix				
	矩阵的初等变换,矩阵的运算				
知识点:	Elementary transformation of matrix, Operations of matrix				
Knowledge Delivery	矩阵运算性质	质,矩阵I	n逆		
	Properties of	matrix Op	perations, Inverse of matrix		
	初等矩阵, 行	列式定り	人, 行列式的运算及性质		
	Elementary	matrix,	Definition of determinant,	, Operations and	
	properties of determinant				
	了解:	行列式	定义, 线性方程组		
	Recognize	Definiti	on of determinant, linear equa	ation system	
		高斯消	元法,初等矩阵,找矩阵的	逆,初等矩阵的性	
 学习目标:	理解:	质 Gaus	s elimination, Elementary N	Matrix, Finding the	
上earning Objectives	Understand	inverse	of a matrix, Properties of	of the elementary	
Learning Objectives		matrices	3;		
	掌握:	矩阵运	算性质,行列式的运算及性	质	
	争姪: Master	Properti	es of matrix operations,	Operations and	
	Master	properti	es of determinant		
	2-1 理解高等	数学理论	知识对于刻画工程实践问题	题的重要意义。	
	Understand th	ne signifi	cant meanings of the advance	ced mathematics in	
	depicting the practical engineering problems.				
	2-3 培养具有不畏困难、不惧失败、锲而不舍、敢于尝试、迎难而				
	上的精神,并在学习过程中培养自己的细心和耐心的勇气和精神				
Moral Objectives	Cultivate the spirit of not fearing difficulties or failure, perseverance,				
Words Objectives	daring to try, and cultivate their own careful and patient courage and				
	spirit in the pr	ocess of	earning		
			具有"以人为本"的服务精神		
	Cultivate service consciousness and have the service spirit of				
	"people-oriented"				

重点:	高斯消元法, 找矩阵的逆
Key Points	Gauss elimination, Finding the inverse of a matrix
难点:	矩阵运算性质,行列式的运算和性质
Focal points	Property of matrix operation, operation and property of determinant

	T			
知识单元序号:	2		支撑教学目标:	1-1, 1-2
Knowledge Unit No.	2		SLOs Supported	1-1, 1-2
知识单元名称	向量空间与线性相关/无关			
Unit Title	Ved	ctor space a	and linear dependence /ind	ependence
	向量,向量空间,向量子空间 Vectors, Vector Spaces, Subspaces of			
	Vector Spaces			
	生成集和线性无关, 基和维数 Spanning Sets and Linear			
知识点:	Independence, Basis and Dimension;			
Knowledge Delivery	矩阵的秩和线性方程组 Rank of a Matrix and Systems of Linear			
Knowledge Delivery	Equations;			
	坐标和基变挑	는 Coordina	tes and Change of Basis	
	内积空间,I	E交基, 施	密特正交化过程 Inner Pro	oduct Spaces,
	Orthonormal	Bases, Gra	m-Schmidt Process	
	マ級.	向量,向量	量空间,向量子空间,Vector	rs, Vector spaces,
	了解:	Subspace	s of Vector Spaces	
	Recognize	生成集,基	基和维数 Spanning Sets, B	asis and dimension;
	理解: Understand	坐标和基	变换; Coordinates and C	Change of Basis;
W I		内积, 正	交和正交集 Inner Produc	ts, Orthogonal and
学习目标:		Orthonor	mal Sets;	
Learning Objectives	掌握:	线性相关	关和线性无关,Linear dep	pendence and linear
		independe	ence;	
		矩阵的秩	和线性方程组 Rank of a	Matrix and Systems
	Master	of Linear	Equations;	
		施密特正	交化过程 Gram-Schmidt	Process
	2-2 认知当前	「全球,数	学理论的发展对提升中国	国工程关键技术及核
	心竞争力的重	重要意义。		
	Understand th	ne technolo	gy development, key tech	nniques and the core
	competitivene	ss in the ar	ea of the China engineering	ng in the world.
	2-3 培养具有不畏困难、不惧失败、锲而不舍、敢于尝试、迎难而			
德育目标	上的精神,并	作在学习过	程中培养自己的细心和耐	耐心的勇气和精神
Moral Objectives	Cultivate the spirit of not fearing difficulties or failure, perseverance,			
	daring to try, and cultivate their own careful and patient courage and			
	spirit in the process of learning			
	2-4 培养服务意识,具有"以人为本"的服务精神			
	Cultivate service consciousness and have the service spirit of			
	"people-orien	ted"		
重上.	线性相关和线	浅性无关 L	inear dependence and line	ar independence;
重点:	矩阵的秩和线性方程组 Rank of a Matrix and Systems of Linear			
Key Points	Equations;			

难点:	施密特正交化过程 Gram-Schmidt Process
Focal points	施雷特正文化过程 Gram-Schmidt Process

知识单元序号:			支撑教学目标:				
Knowledge Unit No.	3		SLOs Supported	1-1, 1-2			
知识单元名称	线性变换及特征向量						
Unit Title		Linear	transformation and eiger	ivector			
	线性变换的介绍,相似矩阵 introduction to Linear Transformations,						
	Similar Matrices:						
	特征值与特征向量, 对角化 Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors,						
	Diagonalization						
知识点:	对称矩阵和正交对角化 Symmetric Matrices and orthogonal						
Knowledge Delivery	Diagonalization						
	实二次型和非	其矩阵,实	二次型的标准型,正定二	次型 Real quadratic			
			nonical form of real quad				
	Definite Quad	lratic For	m				
		线性变	换的定义 Definition of a	Linear Transformation			
	了解:	对称矩	车的定义 Definition of a	Symmetric Matrices;			
	Recognize	立一次	型和其矩阵 Real quadrat	tic form and its matrix.			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		二次型的对角型 Diagonal form of quadratic form; 理解: 对称矩阵的性质 properties of Symmetric Matrices;					
学习目标:	Understand 正交对角化 orthogonal Diagonalization						
Learning Objectives							
	掌握:	特征值	与特征向量 Eigenvalues	and Eigenvectors;			
		正交变	换转化二次型为对角型	型 Changing quadratic			
	Master	form int	o diagonal form by Ortho	ogonal Transformation;			
		正定二	次型 Positive Definite Qu	uadratic Form			
	2-1 理解高等	数学理论	企 知识对于刻画工程实践	说问题的重要意义。			
	Understand the significant meanings of the advanced mathematics in						
	depicting the	practical	engineering problems.				
	2-5 培养遵守	法律、憤	 题则、守规则的新时代	公民			
 徳育目标	Cultivate citizens of the new era who abide by the law, understand and						
Moral Objectives	obey the rules	}					
Wiorai Objectives	2-6 了解主要矛盾和次要矛盾,在面对复杂问题的时候要实事求是、						
	抓住主要矛盾						
	Understand the main contradiction and secondary contradiction, seek						
	truth from facts and grasp the main contradiction in the face of						
	complex prob	complex problems					
重点:	找特征值与特	寺征向量	Finding Eigenvalues and	Eigenvectors;			
Key Points	对称矩阵的性	生质 prop	erties of Symmetric Matri	ices;			
	正交对角化 orthogonal Diagonalization						
难点:	矩阵对角化 Matrix Diagonalizable						
	<u> </u>						

Focal points	正交变换转化二次型为对角型 Changing Quadratic Form into			
	Diagonal Form by Orthogonal Transformation;			
	正定二次型 Positive Definite Quadratic Form;			

知识单元序号:	4		支撑教学目标:	1 1 1 2	
Knowledge Unit No.	4		SLOs Supported	1-1, 1-2	
加油单二丸轮	函数性质及其与测量和物理结果解释的关系				
知识单元名称 Unit Title	Functions and	d their rel	lationship to measuremen	t and the interpretation	
Omt Title			of physical results		
	数列极限性质	見 Limits の	of Sequences		
知识点:	函数极限性质	质 The Lir	nit of a Function		
Knowledge Delivery	无穷及无穷性	生质 Infin	itesimal and Infinite prop	erties	
	连续函数及其	其性质 Co	ontinuous Functions and i	ts properties	
	了解:	数列以	及函数极限的定义		
	Recognize	The def	inition of limit of a seque	nce and a function	
学习目标:	理解:	连续函	数的定义以及性质		
Learning Objectives	Understand Definition and properties of continuous functions				
	掌握:	无穷及	大 无穷性质		
	Master Infinitesimal and Infinite properties				
	2-2 认知当前全球,数学理论的发展对提升中国工程关键技术及核				
	心竞争力的重要意义。				
	Understand the technology development, key techniques and the core				
	competitivene	ess in the	area of the China enginee	ring in the world.	
	2-5 培养遵守	法律、憤	É规则、守规则的新时代	公民	
德育目标	Cultivate citiz	zens of the	e new era who abide by t	he law, understand and	
Moral Objectives	obey the rules	,			
	2-6 了解主要矛盾和次要矛盾,在面对复杂问题的时候要实事求是、				
	抓住主要矛盾				
	Understand the main contradiction and secondary contradiction, seek				
	truth from facts and grasp the main contradiction in the fact				
	complex problems				
重点:	连续函数的定				
Key Points			es of continuous function	S	
难点:	无穷及无穷性质				
Focal points	Infinitesimal and Infinite properties				

知识单元序号:	5	支撑教学目标:	1.1.1.2	
Knowledge Unit No.	3	SLOs Supported	1-1, 1-2	
知识单元名称	导数与微分			
Unit Title	Derivative and Differential			
	导数的概念以及应用			
知识点:	Concept of Derivatives and its applications			
	求导数以及高阶导数的法则			
Knowledge Delivery	Rules of Finding Derivatives, Higher Order Derivatives			
	隐函数以及参数方程!	的求导数法则		

	Derivation of Implicit Functions and Parametric Equations				
	了解:	了解: 导数的概念以及应用			
	Recognize	Recognize Concept of Derivatives and its applications			
 学习目标:	理解:	理解: 求导数以及高阶导数的法则			
	Understand	Rules of Finding Derivatives, Higher Order Derivatives			
Learning Objectives	掌握:	隐函数以及参数方程的求导数法则			
	季/连: Master	Derivation of Implicit Functions and Parametric			
	Master	Equations			
	2-1 理解高等	数学理论知识对于刻画工程实践问题的重要意义。			
	Understand the significant meanings of the advanced mathematics in				
	depicting the practical engineering problems.				
	2-6 了解主要矛盾和次要矛盾,在面对复杂问题的时候要实事求是、				
	抓住主要矛盾				
德育目标	Understand the main contradiction and secondary contradiction, seek				
Moral Objectives	truth from fa	truth from facts and grasp the main contradiction in the face of			
	complex prob	lems			
	2-7 培养有条理和计划,做到心中有数、有条不紊、循序渐进地完				
	成一项工作				
	Cultivate a se	nse of order and plan, and complete a work in an orderly			
	and gradual manner				
重点:	求导数以及高阶导数的法则				
Key Points	Rules of Finding Derivatives, Higher Order Derivatives				
难点:	隐函数以及参数方程的求导数法则				
Focal points	Derivation of Implicit Functions and Parametric Equations				

				1
知识单元序号:	6		支撑教学目标	: 1-1, 1-2
Knowledge Unit No.			SLOs Supported	1 1-1, 1-2
知识单元名称			微分中值定理及其应	用
Unit Title		Mean v	alue theorem and its ap	plications
	罗尔定理、微	数分中值:	定理 Rolle theorem, Me	ean value theorem
知识点:	洛必达法则、	泰勒定	里 L'hospital's rule, T	aylor theorem
Knowledge Delivery	极值及其应用	月问题 Ex	treme value and its app	lications
	函数单调性及其应用 Monotonicity and its applications			pplications
	了解: 罗尔定理、微分中值定理			
	Recognize	Recognize Rolle theorem, Mean value theorem		orem
学习目标:	理解:	理解: 极值及其应用问题		
Learning Objectives	Understand Extreme value and its applications			
	掌握:	掌握: 洛必达法则		
	Master	L'hospit	al's rule	
	2-2 认知当前全球,数学理论的发展对提升中国工程关键技术及核			·中国工程关键技术及核
	心竞争力的重要意义。			
德育目标	Understand the technology development, key techniques and the core			
Moral Objectives	competitiveness in the area of the China engineering in the world.			
	2-5 培养遵守法律、懂规则、守规则的新时代公民			
	Cultivate citizens of the new era who abide by the law, understand and			

	obey the rules	
	2-6 了解主要矛盾和次要矛盾,在面对复杂问题的时候要实事求是、	
	抓住主要矛盾	
	Understand the main contradiction and secondary contradiction, seek	
	truth from facts and grasp the main contradiction in the face of	
	complex problems	
重点:	函数单调性及其应用	
Key Points	Monotonicity and its applications	
难点:	洛必达法则	
Focal points	L'hospital's rule	

知识单元序号:	7		支撑教学目标:	1-1, 1-2
Knowledge Unit No.	,		SLOs Supported	1-1, 1-2
知识单元名称	积分及其性质			
Unit Title			Integral and its properties	
	不定积分的概	既念与性	质	
	Concepts and Properties of Indefinite Integrals			
	不定积分的对	え法		
	Operation Rules of Indefinite Integrals			
	定积分的概念	公与性质		
	Concepts and	Propertie	s of Definite Integrals	
知识点:	微积分基本是	定理		
Knowledge Delivery	The Fundame	ntal Theo	rems of Calculus	
	定积分的换力	元和分部	织分法	
	Integration by Substitution and Parts in Definite Integrals			
	反常积分			
	Improper Integrals			
	定积分的几何应用			
	Applications of Definite Integrals			
	→ ₽11	不定积	分、定积分的概念与性质	
	Recognize	Concept	ts and Properties of Inde	efinite Integrals and
		Integral	S	
		不定积	分的求法	
	理解:	Operation	on Rules of Indefinite Integ	rals
	Understand	反常积	分	
学习目标:		Imprope	er Integrals	
Learning Objectives		微积分	基本定理	
		The Fur	damental Theorems of Cal	culus
	掌握:	定积分	的换元和分部积分法	
		Integrat	ion by Substitution and	l Parts in Definite
	Master	Integral	S	
		定积分	的几何应用	
		Applica	tions of Definite Integrals	
德育目标	2-2 认知当前	了全球, 数	女学理论的发展对提升中[国工程关键技术及核

Moral Objectives	心竞争力的重要意义。		
	Understand the technology development, key techniques and the core		
	competitiveness in the area of the China engineering in the world.		
	2-6 了解主要矛盾和次要矛盾,在面对复杂问题的时候要实事求是、		
	抓住主要矛盾		
	Understand the main contradiction and secondary contradiction, seek		
	truth from facts and grasp the main contradiction in the face of		
	complex problems		
	2-7 培养有条理和计划,做到心中有数、有条不紊、循序渐进地完		
	成一项工作		
	Cultivate a sense of order and plan, and complete a work in an orderly		
	and gradual manner		
重点:	不定积分的求法		
Key Points	Operation Rules of Indefinite Integrals		
	微积分基本定理		
难点:	The Fundamental Theorems of Calculus		
Focal points	定积分的分部积分法		
	Integration by Parts in Definite Integrals		

四、教学安排 Teaching Schedule

注: 可根据实际情况增减行数

Note: Please add/reduce lines based on subject.

	学时(周)Hour(Week)			
教学内容 Teaching Content	理论	实验	实践	DDI
	LECT.	EXP.	PRAC.	PBL
矩阵乘法和行列式	13	0	0	0
Matrix multiplication and determinants	13	0	0	0
向量空间与线性相关性质	9	0	0	0
Vector space and linear dependence properties	9	U	U	0
线性变换及特征向量	8	0	0	0
Linear transformation and eigenvector				
函数极限和连续	14	0	0	0
Functions limits and continuous functions	14			
微分中值定理及其应用	12	0	0	0
Mean value theorem and its applications	12			
导数与微分	6	0	0	0
Derivative and Differential	0			
积分及其性质	10	0	0	0
Integral and its properties	18	U		U
总计 Total	80	0	0	0

五、教学方法 Teaching Methodology

注: 可根据实际情况增减行数或修改内容

Note: Please add/reduce linesor revise content based on subject.

勾选 Check	教学方法与特色 Teaching Methodology & Characters		
M	多媒体教学:基于信息化设备的课堂教学		
	Multi-media-based lecturing		
M	实践能力传授: 理论与行业、实际案例相结合		
	Combining theory with industrial practical problems		
M	课程思政建设:知识讲授与德育相结合		
	Knowledge delivery with ethic education		
	PBL 教学:问题驱动的分组学习与交流		
	Problem-based learning		
	其他:单击或点击此处输入文字。		
	Other:单击或点击此处输入文字。		

六、成绩评定 Assessment

注: 可根据实际情况增减行数或修改内容

Note: Please add/reduce linesor revise content based on subject.

考核环节: Assessment Content	平时 Behavior	环节负责人: Director	李晓奇,郭静梅 Li Xiaoqi, Guo Jingmei	
给分形式: Result Type	百分制 Marks	课程总成绩比重(%): Percentage (%)	30	
考核方式: Measures	平时成绩,以学生平时课堂表现、课堂教师随机提问,学生平时作业完成情况综合评定,其中,学生平时课堂表现、课堂教师随机提问占比 10%,学生平时作业(课前预习作业、课后作业)完成情况占比 90%. According to instant answer to the teacher's questions, comprehensive report and question performance, the mark is evaluated, where question performance and instant answer accounts for 10%, assignments performance (pre-lecture and post-lecture) accounts for 90%.			
考核环节: Assessment Content	期中 Mid-term			
给分形式: Result Type	百分制 Marks	课程总成绩比重(%):		
考核方式: Measures	120 分钟 Threshold test,考试满分 100 分,考试成绩占 Threshold test 的比例,与课程知识点学时占总理论学时的比例,保持一致.该部分成绩列入期中考试成绩科目。 One hundred and twenty minutes Threshold test, the full mark is 100 mark and the test accounting on the final mark conforms to the same percentage of corresponding theoretical term hour accounting on the whole theoretical term hour. The marks are listed in the mid-term exam			

score.

考核环节:	期末 Final	环节负责人:	郭静梅	
Assessment Content	别个 Finai	Director	Guo Jingmei	
给分形式:	百分制 Marks	课程总成绩比重(%):	50	
Result Type	自分型 Walks	Percentage (%)	30	
	考试,2 小时答题时间 Examination, and the examinations lasts for two hour time.			
# 12- X . D				
考核方式:				
Measures				

七、改进机制 Improvement Mechanism

注: 未尽事宜以教学团队以及学院教学指导委员会商定为准。

Note: Matters not covered in this file shall be determined by TAB of SSTC, NEU.

教学大纲改进机制 Subject Syllabus Improvement Mechanism					
考核周期(年):	4	修订周期(年):	4		
Check Period (YR)	4	Revise Period (YR)	4		
	课程负责人根据课程	课程负责人根据课程教学内容与人才培养目标组织课程团队讨论			
	并修改教学大纲,报会	分管教学工作副院长审构	该后由执行院长批准。		
改进措施:	The subject coordinato	r shall be responsible for	the syllabus discussion		
Measures	and improvement, and the revised version shall be submitted to deputy				
	dean (teaching affairs) for reviewing then to executive dean for				
	approval				
成绩i	平定改进机制 Assessme	ent Improvement Mecha	nnism		
考核周期(年):	1	修订周期(年):	1		
Check Period (YR)	1	Revise Period (YR)	1		
	课程负责人根据课程	教学内容、课堂教学效务	果以及成绩分布,对课		
北北北北	步优化评定办法。				
改进措施:	The subject coordinator shall revise the syllabus based on the teaching				
Measures	content, effect and result distribution while optimize the assessment				
measures.					